

THE MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT PRESENTS

# A MATHEMATICS COLLOQUIUM

THURSDAY, October 9, 2008

BOND HALL 217

4:00 pm

**Title: Eigenvalue problems with boundary conditions depending polynomially on the eigenparameter**

**Speaker: Branko Curgus**, Western Washington University

**Abstract:** It is well known that the normalized eigenfunctions of the eigenvalue problem  $-f'' = \lambda f$ ,  $f'(-1) = f'(1) = 0$ , form an orthonormal basis of the Hilbert space  $L^2[-1, 1]$ . Also, the eigenfunctions of this problem can be selected to form an orthonormal basis of the Sobolev space  $H^1[-1, 1]$ .

We will present generalizations of these two statements. For example, let  $\mathcal{P}(z)$  be a  $2 \times 4$  matrix polynomial and let  $\mathbf{b}(f)$  be the column vector with the components  $f(-1), f(1), f'(-1), f'(1)$ . We will give sufficient conditions on  $\mathcal{P}(z)$  under which the eigenvalue problem  $-f'' = \lambda f$ ,  $\mathcal{P}(\lambda)\mathbf{b}(f) = 0$ , is equivalent to an eigenvalue problem for a self-adjoint operator  $\tilde{A}$  in a Pontryagin space which is the direct sum of  $L^2[-1, 1]$  and a finite-dimensional space. This provides a generalization of the first statement in the abstract. Both, the finite dimensional Pontryagin space and the self-adjoint operator  $\tilde{A}$  are defined explicitly in terms of the coefficients of  $\mathcal{P}(z)$ . To generalize the second statement we describe the form domain of the operator  $\tilde{A}$ .

Instead of the second derivative, our generalizations deal with the adjoint  $S^*$  of a closed densely defined symmetric operator  $S$  with equal defect numbers  $d < \infty$  in a Hilbert space  $(\mathfrak{H}, \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle)$ .

This is joint work with Tomas Azizov (Voronezh, Russia) and Aad Dijkma (Groningen, The Netherlands).

Refreshments will precede the talk at 3:30pm in Bond Hall 300.